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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
2	EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
3		X	
4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	: 23-CR-88(HD)	
5	-against-	: United States Courthouse Brooklyn, New York	
6			
7	CHI KWAN WONG,	: January 8, 2024	
8	Defendant.	: 2:00 o'clock p.m.	
9		X	
10	TRANSCRIPT OF PLEADING BEFORE THE HONORABLE HECTOR GONZALEZ UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE.		
11			
12	011125 0171	TEO DIGINION GODGE.	
13	APPEARANCES:		
14	For the Government:	BREON PEACE	
15		United States Attorney BY: MIRIAM GLASER DAUERMANN	
16		Assistant United States Attorney 271 Cadman Plaza East	
17		Brooklyn, New York	
18	For the Defendant:	ABELL ESKEW LANDAU LLP	
19		256 Fifth Avenue, 5th Floor New York, New York	
20		BY: DAVID M. ESKEW, ESQ.	
21		JAN JORRITSMA, ESQ.	
22	Court Reporter:	Charleane M. Heading 225 Cadman Plaza East	
23		Brooklyn, New York (718) 613-2643	
24	Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography, transcript produced by computer-aided transcription.		
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THE CLERK: This is criminal cause for a change of plea, docket number 23-CR-88, United States of America versus Wong.

Will the parties please state your appearances for the record starting with the government.

MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Miriam Glaser Dauermann for the United States. Good afternoon, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

MR. ESKEW: Good afternoon, Your Honor. David Eskew, Abell Eskew Landau, on behalf of the defendant who is seated to my left. On my right is an associate from my law firm, Jan Jorritsma.

THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon.

Good afternoon, Mr. Wong. I understand that you are here today for a change of plea hearing. Is that your understanding?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You can pull the mic up.

So, obviously, that's a very important decision for you so I want to make sure that we take our time and if, at any point, anything I say doesn't make sense, just let me know and I'll try to be a little more clear or if, at any point, you want to take a break to discuss something with your attorney, just let me know and we'll take as much time as you need. Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: So what I'm going to go through today is I am going to go, one, through the charges or the charge that you are going to be pleading guilty to, I am going to ask you a series of questions about what it means to plead guilty and the rights that you will be giving up by pleading guilty, and then when I'm satisfied that you understand those rights, then I will give you an opportunity to allocute or to say what it is in your own words that makes you guilty of the offense.

So as I understand it, you will be pleading guilty to Count One and we will go through that at the appropriate time.

Do you have any questions right now?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: At this time, I just need you to stand so that Mr. Neptune can swear you in.

THE CLERK: Raise your right hand.

(Defendant was duly sworn/affirmed by the clerk.)

THE COURT: You can be seated.

All right. So I do need to now remind you that because you are under oath, obviously any answers to my questions that are false could subject you to additional prosecution for providing false answers under oath.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. Can you tell us what is your 1 2 full name? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Chi Kwan Wong. 4 THE COURT: How old are you? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Thirty-three. THE COURT: What's the highest level of education 6 7 that you have? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Doctor of pharmacy. 9 THE COURT: And, obviously, you are able and 10 understand English, correct? 11 Yes. THE DEFENDANT: 12 THE COURT: And have you ever been treated or 13 hospitalized for any sort of mental illness? 14 THE DEFENDANT: I'm treating with a psychiatrist for right now. I'm currently working with a social worker weekly. 15 16 THE COURT: All right. So that's a regular session 17 that you go to? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. It's been going on for over a 19 year now. 20 THE COURT: Okay. And is there anything about the 21 reason why you're seeing the licensed social worker that would 22 affect your ability to understand the proceedings today? 23 THE DEFENDANT: No. 24 THE COURT: All right. And have you taken any 25 drugs, medicine or pills or alcohol or anything like that in

the last 24 hours? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: No. 3 THE COURT: And have you ever been treated or 4 hospitalized for any type of addiction including drug or alcohol abuse? 5 6 THE DEFENDANT: No. 7 THE COURT: And do you feel that your mind is clear 8 today? 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 10 THE COURT: And do you understand what is happening today? Have you had enough of an opportunity to discuss with 11 12 your attorney what's going to happen today? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 14 THE COURT: And, Mr. Eskew, based on your 15 interactions with Mr. Wong, do you believe that he understands 16 the nature of today's proceedings? 17 MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge. 18 THE COURT: And does he have any, based on your 19 observations, any physical or mental conditions that you think would impair his ability to proceed today? 20 21 MR. ESKEW: No. 22 THE COURT: And have you had enough time to discuss 23 today's proceedings with him? 24 MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge. 25 THE COURT: And do you feel that based on your

discussions with him, that he understands the rights that he 1 2 will be waiving by pleading guilty today? 3 MR. ESKEW: I do. 4 THE COURT: And also that he's capable of 5 understanding the nature of the proceedings? 6 MR. ESKEW: Yes. 7 THE COURT: And do you have any doubt as to 8 Mr. Wong's competence to plead at this time? 9 MR. ESKEW: No. 10 THE COURT: Have you had enough of an opportunity to discuss with him the sentences, both maximum and the 11 12 guidelines that might affect his sentence in this case if I 13 accept his plea? 14 MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge. 15 THE COURT: And, Mr. Wong, do you feel like you've 16 had enough of an opportunity to discuss today's proceedings 17 and your whole case with Mr. Eskew? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 19 THE COURT: And overall, are you satisfied with the representation that you've received from him? 20 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Have you been given a copy of the indictment in this case? That's the document that contains 23 24 the charges against you.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

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THE COURT: And I understand from reviewing the papers in this case that the defendant, Ms. Glaser Dauermann, will be pleading to Count One. If you could summarize the nature of those charges.

And, Mr. Wong, I'll ask you to listen closely as the prosecutor describes the nature of the charges that you'll be pleading guilty to. Okay?

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Yes, Your Honor. The defendant is pleading guilty to Count One of the indictment which is conspiracy to commit health care fraud. He conspired with others to submit claims to Medicare and Medicaid that were tainted by kickbacks, medically unnecessary and, otherwise, ineligible to be submitted to Medicare, and he did that between December 2017 and December of 2020.

THE COURT: And where was that, venue-wise?

MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: It was within the Eastern

District of New York.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

Do you understand, Mr. Wong, that those will be the charges that you will be pleading guilty to today?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And you have had a full opportunity or enough opportunity to discuss those charges with your

attorney? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 3 THE COURT: And, Mr. Eskew, do you believe that 4 Mr. Wong understands the nature of the charges that he'll be 5 pleading guilty to? 6 MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge. 7 THE COURT: And Ms. Glaser Dauermann, are there 8 any -- the victims in this case are Medicare and Medicaid? 9 MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Yes, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: And through appropriate channels, 11 they've been notified of today's plea? 12 MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: They have and I'm 13 representing them here. 14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 Now, Mr. Wong, I'm going to go through a number of 16 rights and ask you whether, one, you understand that you have 17 that right and the importance of understanding that is that 18 you'll be giving up these rights as part of entering a plea. 19 0kay? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. 21 THE COURT: So you have a right to continue to plead 22 not guilty and no one can force you to plead guilty. 23 understand that? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 25 THE COURT: And you would also have a right under

the constitution and the laws of the United States to both a speedy and a public trial. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And that trial would be by a jury. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And at trial, you would be presumed innocent and the government would have to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And you would have the right to the assistance of counsel for your defense who would represent you at trial and at every other stage of this proceeding. Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: You would have the right to see and hear all witnesses at the trial and have them cross-examined in your defense. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And you'd have the right on your own part to decline to testify unless you voluntarily elected to do so in your own defense. Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And you'd have the right to compel the attendance of witnesses to testify at that trial in your own

defense if you chose to. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And if you were to decide not to testify or to put on any evidence at trial, those facts could not be held against you and I would instruct the jury that they could not hold those facts against you. Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And by entering a plea of guilty, if I accept your plea, there will be no trial and you will have waived or given up your right to a trial as well as all these rights that I've just gone over with you. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: So there will be no further trial of any kind and no right of an appeal from a judgment of guilty. I will simply enter a judgment of guilty on the basis of your guilty plea today. Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And if you plead guilty, part of the process today is I'm going to have to ask you questions about what it is that makes you guilty of the offense charged in Count One.

So I'm going to be asking you to make statements that incriminate yourself. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Wong, do you understand each and every one of the rights that I've just gone over with you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And are you willing to give up these rights including your right to a trial by a jury and all the other rights associated with that that I've discussed with you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. I understand that there is a plea agreement. Has that been signed?

MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. So I'm going to have the original of that plea agreement marked as Court Exhibit 1 and ask that that be kept by the government in its custody.

MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: One thing I noticed in the plea agreement, and I just want to make sure, is one of the, one of the enhancements, the one having to do with the government health care program sustaining losses of over \$1 million, is that the correct site where that two level enhancement is? I thought it was at Section 2B1.1(b)(7) --

MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: -- (b)(7), yes. That's a typo.

THE COURT: It's a typo? Okay. Have you had an opportunity to correct that even to just initial it with

counsel? 1 2 MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: We can do that, I believe, 3 after the proceeding --4 THE COURT: Okay. 5 MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: -- just for the formal 6 record. 7 THE COURT: Is that acceptable, Mr. Eskew? 8 MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge. THE COURT: All right. 9 10 So let me go through that plea agreement with you, 11 Mr. Wong, and make sure that you understand what that plea 12 agreement means and what it does and how it affects you. 13 0kay? 14 Did you have enough -- one, did you sign that 15 agreement? 16 THE DEFENDANT: I did. 17 THE COURT: Okay. And did you have an opportunity 18 to read and discuss the agreement with your attorney before 19 you signed it? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 21 THE COURT: And do you feel that you had sufficient 22 time to review it and to have any questions that you had about 23 it answered by your attorney? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 25 THE COURT: And do you feel that you understand

what's encompassed in that plea agreement? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: And, Mr. Eskew, did you have sufficient 3 4 time to review the agreement with your client? MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge. 5 THE COURT: And, Mr. Wong, do you have any questions 6 7 for me about the agreement? 8 THE DEFENDANT: 9 THE COURT: And does the agreement represent in its 10 entirety the understandings that you have with the government about how your case will be resolved? 11 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 13 THE COURT: And has anyone made any promise or 14 assurance to you that is not in the agreement in order to 15 persuade you to accept the agreement? 16 THE DEFENDANT: No. 17 THE COURT: I just want to make sure you understand 18 my question. 19 Has anyone made any promises to you outside of 20 what's contained in the agreement in order to get you to sign 21 that agreement? 22 THE DEFENDANT: No. 23 THE COURT: And has anyone threatened you in any way 24 to persuade you to accept and execute the agreement? 25 THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: And, Mr. Eskew, were all formal plea offers from the government conveyed to your client?

MR. ESKEW: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: Now, I'm going to tell you a little bit about some of the penalties for the crime to which you are going to be pleading guilty to make sure that you understand that and it should be all contained in your plea agreement as well.

The charge to which you intend to plead guilty which is in Count One is a conspiracy to commit health care fraud and that charge has no minimum term of imprisonment but it does have a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And that charge also carries with it the possibility that after any term of imprisonment, you can be subjected to up to three years of what's known as supervised release.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And supervised release means that there will be a number of conditions that you'll have to follow and be supervised by the Probation Department and that if you violate any of those conditions, that could result in additional prison time.

Do you understand that? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 3 THE COURT: And the crime to which you're pleading 4 guilty to also carries a possible maximum fine of the greater of \$250,000 or twice the gross gain or loss from the offense. 5 6 Do you understand that? 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 8 THE COURT: And I'm also obligated, because you are 9 pleading to one count, there is a mandatory special assessment of \$100 that I have to assess at the time of sentencing. 10 11 Do you understand that? 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 13 THE COURT: I also saw from the plea agreement that 14 restitution will be required in this case and per the plea 15 agreement, the restitution amount that the government submits 16 will be appropriate in this case is \$1,352,941. 17 Do you understand that? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 19 THE COURT: And I won't have an opportunity to 20 assess what the appropriate restitution amount is until I've 21 had the Probation Department prepare a presentence report for 22 me. 23 Do you understand that? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 25 THE COURT: And I also see from the plea agreement

that you have agreed to enter into a money forfeiture judgment of a little over \$338,000. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And, Mr. Wong, are you a U.S. citizen?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So I won't go through what the possible consequences of your conviction would be on your immigration status.

Now, have you had an opportunity to discuss with your attorney how the sentencing guidelines might affect your sentence?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And has your attorney explained to you that the sentencing guidelines are advisory, meaning that I'm not bound by them but they are one of the factors that I have to consider when determining the appropriate sentence in your case?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Now, based on my review of the plea agreement, I understand, Ms. Glaser Dauermann, that the government believes that the appropriate guideline range in this case is 30 to 37 months, is that correct?

MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I also understand that the defendant has reserved his right in that plea agreement to request that I

1 apply a mitigating role adjustment under the guidelines.

2 Is that correct, Mr. Eskew?

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MR. ESKEW: That's correct, Judge.

THE COURT: So other than that potential role adjustment, do you, Mr. Eskew, have any different calculation of the guidelines?

MR. ESKEW: No. We and the government agree that this is the appropriate estimate of the guidelines with the exception of that carveout.

THE COURT: And, Mr. Wong, what you should understand is that these estimates that your attorney and the government have worked out could be wrong.

Like I said, with respect to restitution, as with the rest of your sentence end including the advisory guideline range, I won't be able to make a determination of what that is until I receive a presentence report from the Probation Department.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And do you understand that the sentence I impose may be different from any estimate that your attorney or the government may have given you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And as a general matter, I have the authority in some circumstances to depart upward or downward

from the advisory guideline range and that could result in a sentence that is either greater or lesser than the advisory guideline range.

So as you sit here today, what I need you to understand is that there is no guarantee as to what particular guideline range will apply in your case. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And do you understand that if the advisory guideline range in the presentence report is different from the guideline range that's spelled out in the plea agreement or that your attorney has advised you of, that you will not be able to take back your plea? Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And if the ultimate sentence I impose is different from what you hope for or expect, you won't be able to take back your plea. So as you sit here today, there's no way for you to know what your ultimate sentence will be because I don't know what your ultimate sentence will be.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: So you should understand also that there's no longer parole in the federal system and that means that if you are sentenced to any period of incarceration, you

will not be released early on parole. 1 2 Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: 3 Yes. 4 THE COURT: I also see from the plea agreement that you've agreed to a plea waiver -- an appeal waiver, which 5 6 means that under certain circumstances, depending on what 7 sentence I impose, you will be giving up your right to appeal 8 that sentence. 9 Do you understand that? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 11 THE COURT: Now, do you have any questions for me 12 about the rights that you are giving up, the potential 13 punishments that you might face, the plea agreement that you 14 entered into with the government or the nature of the charges 15 or anything else about the proceedings against you? 16 THE DEFENDANT: 17 THE COURT: Okay. And are you ready, Mr. Wong, at 18 this time to plead guilty? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 20 THE COURT: And, Mr. Eskew, do you know of any 21 reason why your client should not plead guilty at this time? 22 No, Judge. MR. ESKEW: 23 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Wong, what is your plea 24 to Count One of the indictment which is a conspiracy to commit

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health care fraud?

1 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty. 2 THE COURT: And are you making the plea of guilty 3 voluntarily and of your own free will? 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: And has anyone threatened or forced you 5 6 to plead guilty? 7 THE DEFENDANT: No. 8 THE COURT: And other than the agreement with the 9 government, has anyone made any promise that caused you to plead guilty? 10 11 THE DEFENDANT: No. 12 THE COURT: And has anyone made any promise to you 13 as to what your sentence in this case will be? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 15 THE COURT: Someone has made a promise to you --16 THE DEFENDANT: No. No. Sorry. 17 THE COURT: -- about what your sentence will be? 18 THE DEFENDANT: No. 19 THE COURT: Let me ask the question again. 20 Has anyone made any promise to you as to what your sentence in this case will be? 21 22 THE DEFENDANT: No. 23 THE COURT: Now, at this time, in your own words, if 24 you can tell me what it is you did that makes you guilty of 25 the charge in Count One.

MR. ESKEW: Judge, with your permission, Mr. Wong would like to read a statement that he wrote out.

THE COURT: Okay. Let me just ask did you prepare that statement with the assistance of your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And did you have an opportunity then to discuss that statement with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And regardless of who may have had the main role in the precise words that are in that statement, are you adopting that statement as if it is your own written statement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And to the extent that you had any questions about what needed to go in that statement, did your attorney answer those questions to your satisfaction?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So at this time, and I just ask you for the benefit of the court reporter, since we have a tendency to read more quickly than we speak, if you could just read that statement slowly.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

MR. ESKEW: And, Judge, I will say for the benefit of the record, these are Mr. Wong's own words put within the framework of the elements of the offense.

THE COURT: Very well. Thank you, Mr. Eskew. 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Hi, everybody. My name is Chi Wong. Between about December 2017 to about December 2020, 3 4 at the age of 27, I was employed as a pharmacy consultant for 5 A Star Pharmacy located in Brooklyn, New York. While I was working there, I became aware that the 6 7 pharmacy, A Star Pharmacy had a coupon program. 8 THE COURT: I'm sorry. I missed that. Had a what? 9 THE DEFENDANT: A coupon program. 10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 THE DEFENDANT: That provided coupons and gift cards 12 to patients so that they would be able to buy groceries at a 13 local supermarket. 14 These coupons were provided to patients because many of the pharmacies in the same area, they, they are also 15 16 provided similar benefits. So this way, that was a way to get 17 the patients to come to the pharmacy. 18 During my work as a consultant at A Star Pharmacy, I 19 was asked by the owners of the pharmacy Maggie and Amanda to 20 provide pricing information about the medications that would 21 be more profitable for the pharmacy. 22 Based on that request, I routinely provided public 23 pricing information from wholesalers that I got to the owners

THE COURT: Can you spell that?

as requested. One of the drugs was diclofenac --

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1 THE DEFENDANT: Diclofenac.

THE COURT: Can you spell it?

THE DEFENDANT: D-I-C-L-O-F-E-N-A-C.

-- which was a profitable drug for the pharmacy at that time. I provided that information to owners in the beginning of about 2019.

I was also aware that one of the owners at the pharmacy, Maggie, also worked for many years in a clinic that located upstairs from the pharmacy and that this clinic sent prescriptions to A Star Pharmacy, including the drug I just talk about, diclofenac, medication that I provided to the owners, Maggie and others.

I did not know how Maggie got those prescriptions from her clinic where she work at, but I knew Maggie was getting benefit financially from A Star Pharmacy as an owner of A Star. She was also helping the pharmacy to get the prescription from the clinic.

I was aware that it was illegal to pay money to patients or to doctors or any doctors' staff in exchange for prescription referrals.

I know that claims submitted by A Star Pharmacy for diclofenac and other drugs were submitted for reimbursement to Medicare.

Due to my poor judgment at a young age, I am so sorry and so regretful that I met this group of people at the

wrong time at the wrong place.

I took these actions knowingly and willfully and I am pleading guilty because I am, in fact, guilty and I'm so sorry for my actions.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, when you say you were a pharmacy consultant, can you tell me what that means?

THE DEFENDANT: When I got hired from the owners, they were Amanda and Maggie. They were also owning other pharmacy at that time so they wanted a person that have experience to help them to operate the pharmacy including increasing, you know, profit margin for the pharmacy at that time. So I was able to implement a lot of programs, for example, MTM services and all this, you know, also obtaining more contract with secondary wholesalers.

THE COURT: That's more than enough.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: So at the time that you were working as a pharmacy consultant, this was in Brooklyn, physically?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And the coupon program, you knew that it was illegal to provide patients who were seeking to have their prescriptions filled with any sort of benefit like the coupon in exchange for them to fill their prescriptions at the pharmacy?

THE DEFENDANT: Can you repeat that?

THE COURT: 1 Sure. 2 You talked about the coupon program. 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 4 THE COURT: You knew that it was improper for a 5 pharmacy to offer patients who were coming to fill prescriptions, that it was improper to offer them anything of 6 7 value in exchange for them filling the prescription --8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 9 THE COURT: -- at the pharmacy, is that correct? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 11 The program was already implemented before I started 12 working there and they had been doing it for, since the moment 13 they opened, like, years and years ago. 14 THE COURT: But while you were there, you were aware of that program? 15 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. While working there, I became 17 aware of the program, yes. 18 THE COURT: And, Ms. Glaser Dauermann, is there 19 additional allocution that you need, for example, the 20 defendant's understanding and agreement that he may have 21 reached with the owners of the pharmacy, and anything else 22 about the method by which they were filling these 23 prescriptions that would be indicative of a scheme to defraud Medicare? 24

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MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Your Honor, I believe he's

already allocuted to the kickbacks which satisfies the latter 1 2 thing that Your Honor mentioned. 3 THE COURT: Let me ask this. 4 Were you aware that the owners of the pharmacy were 5 receiving payments in exchange for getting the prescriptions 6 sent to them to fill? 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: And that the defendant 10 knowingly and willfully entered into this agreement with the 11 owners of the pharmacy. I think the defendant has already 12 largely said that, but if Your Honor wouldn't mind inquiring. 13 THE COURT: And even if you didn't have an explicit 14 agreement where someone said you'll do this and you said, Yes, 15 I'll do that, was there an understanding that you had with the 16 owners of the pharmacy to assist them in carrying out this 17 scheme that they were engaged in? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Can I have a second? 19 THE COURT: Yes. 20 (Pause.) 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Anything else, Ms. Glaser Dauermann? MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: That's sufficient for the 23 24 government.

THE COURT: And, Mr. Eskew, do you believe there is

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any additional allocution that your client needs to make?
 MR. ESKEW: No, Judge.
 THE COURT: And I think you said this, Mr. Wong, but

you were aware as part of your working there that the health care benefit program that would pay for these prescriptions was Medicare?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Is Medicare the only program or was Medicaid involved as well, Ms. Glaser Dauermann?

MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Medicaid was also involved but the restitution that we are focused on and the gravamen of the scheme is Medicare.

THE COURT: Were you aware that some of the prescriptions may also have been submitted for payment to Medicaid?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, that was what they -- I'm sorry. They had the prescription that was submitted to all type of insurance.

THE COURT: Including Medicaid and Medicare?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: So based on the information given to me, as well as my observations of the defendant and his demeanor here in court today, and the representations of counsel, I find that Mr. Wong is fully competent and capable of entering an informed plea, that he is aware of the nature of the

charges and the consequences of that plea, and that the plea of guilty is a knowing and voluntary plea and is supported by an independent basis in fact containing the essential elements of the offense in Count One. I, therefore, accept Mr. Wong's plea of guilty to Count One of the indictment.

So, Mr. Wong, what's going to happen now is that the Probation Department will begin to prepare what is known as a presentence report that will assist me at the time of your sentencing. You will be asked to give information for that report and your attorney may be present at any interview if you wish to give Probation an interview. That will be up to you and your attorney to discuss.

Once the Probation Department has prepared and issued its presentence report, you and your attorney will have an opportunity to review that report and to make any objections or attempt to make corrections to that report. And you'll also be, through your attorney, able to submit any sentencing memorandum or letters of support for you to me as part of the materials that I receive for the sentencing.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: I'm not going to set a sentencing date.

My practice is to request that the Probation Department issue

its PSR first and then once we have that, I'll probably set

the sentencing date for about 60 days out from that to give

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you enough time to put in whatever sentencing submissions.
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              So I'm going to ask Probation to get the Probation
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    Department's report done by April 8th and then depending on
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    the timing of that, I'll then set a sentencing hearing date
    after that.
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              Is there anything else from the government at this
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    point?
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              MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Nothing further from the
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    government.
              THE COURT: All right. From the defense?
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              MR. ESKEW:
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                           No.
                                No, Judge. Thank you.
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                          Mr. Wong, I just remind you that you're
              THE COURT:
    still subject to the conditions of your bond. I know you have
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    had no issues with satisfying those conditions, but I just
    remind you that you're still subject to the supervision of the
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    Pretrial Services office.
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              Do you understand that?
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              THE DEFENDANT:
                               Yes.
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              THE COURT: All right. So with that, I will likely
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    see you folks sometime in the late spring for sentencing.
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              All right. Thank you very much. Have a good
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    afternoon.
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              MS. GLASER DAUERMANN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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               (Matter concluded.)
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